

## ALGEBRA PRELIMINARY EXAM: PART II

### PROBLEM 1

Let  $K$  be a field and  $f(x) \in K[x]$  be a separable irreducible polynomial of degree 5. Assume that  $\alpha, \beta$  are two distinct roots of  $f(x)$  such that  $K(\alpha) = K(\beta)$ . Prove that  $K(\alpha)/K$  is Galois.

Hint: Consider the action of the Galois group of  $f(x)$  over  $K$  on the fields  $K(\alpha)$  and  $K(\beta)$ .

### PROBLEM 2

Let  $K/\mathbb{Q}$  be an extension of degree  $n$ .

- i) Show that the number of subfields of  $K$  is at most  $2^{n!}$ .
- ii) Suppose that  $K = \mathbb{Q}(\alpha, \beta)$ . Prove that there exists  $m \in \mathbb{Z}$  such that  $0 \leq m \leq 2^{n!}$  and  $K = \mathbb{Q}(\alpha + m\beta)$ .

Hint: Use the Galois correspondence between intermediate fields and subgroups.

### PROBLEM 3

Let  $p$  be a prime and  $\mathbb{F}_p$  be the field with  $p$  elements.

- i) Determine the number of irreducible quadratic polynomials in  $\mathbb{F}_p[x]$ .
- ii) Let  $f(x)$  be an irreducible quadratic polynomial in  $\mathbb{F}_p[x]$  and  $K$  be a field of cardinality  $p^3$ . Prove that  $f(x)$  is irreducible in  $K[x]$ .